BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. | ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. | BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1884. | VOLUME LI.—NUMBER 123.

Railroad.
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1883

Whig and Courier.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNING

No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

HENRY A. BURR.

Terms: $6 00 per year; $4 00 for six months, *invariably in advance.*

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

DAILY WHIG & COURIER at $6 00 per year, *invariably in advance.*

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[illegible] Agents.
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FILES! - - - FILES!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up

1,000 Dozen Files

at the lowest prices.

The Lowest Prices.

Files equal to any imported and sold at less than 60

Old Files Re-cut as usual.

JOB COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,

AUCTIONEERS,

General Ins. and Real Estate Agency,

128 Exchange Street.

Agents Appointed

Life Fire and Accident Insur

for

STOP!

—AT—

No. 32 Central St.,

Black Cat Fresh Daily.

CHAIRS, EASELS,

HAMMOCKS,

Direct from New York

N. WHITMAN.

Striped Bass.

Just Received at

A. E. Jones' Market,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

ROYAL CLARION

Portable Cooking Range.

The great success of this justly

CELEBRATED RANCE

is attested by the fact that it is the

LEADING RANCE

IN EVERY CITY AND TOWN IN THE STATE OF MAINE.

The Clarion is now in use in this city

Do Not Purchase

without a careful examination of this superior Range

Every Range Warranted.

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Kerosene Oil Stoves.

Marble Mantles, Grates, Tile Hearths Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Brass Fenders, Fire Sets and Andirons.

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.

41 and 42 West Market Square.

d1w

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MAINE. PENOBSCOT, ss. May 19, A. D. 1884.

We the undersigned, having been duly appointed by the Honorable Judge of Probate, Judge of Probate for said County Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors of Emily M. Hall, late of Boston in Suffolk County, Mass., deceased, whose estate has since represented insolvent, hereby give public notice accordingly to the order of the said Judge of Probate, that six months from and after Tuesday in March, 1884, have been allowed to said creditors to present and prove their claims, and that we will attend to the service assigned us at the office of Hiram J. Preble in Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, on the last Tuesdays of June and July and on the third Tuesday in September, A. D. 1884, at seven o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

HIRAM J. PREBLE, } Commissioners
JOHN KIMBALL, }

my22 3w

"Weighed in the Balance

and found wanting"—in weight, quality, or workmanship, you will never find articles of gold and jewelry sold at our establishment. And the advantage of placing orders with us instead of sending them away is very great, you have no express charges to pay and do not incur the slightest expense, while perfectly satisfied with our work. Read this carefully and remember. We can make any article of gold or jewelry within a reasonable time, and

FRED A. BUTLER,

No. 2 Main Street.

(Up Stairs.) my21

266TH EDITION. PRICE ONLY $1

BY MAIL POST-PAID.

KNOW THYSELF.

A Great Medical Work on Manhood,

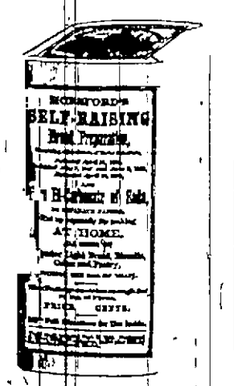
Exhaustive Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in Man, and Unfitness for Marriage, resulting from Indiscretion, Abuse or Exposure. A book for every man, young, middle aged or old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found and pronounced by over fifty of the medical profession. Illustrated and embossed, copies full gilt, sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of only $1.00. Illustrative sample free. Send now. Address the Peabody Medical Institute or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic or obstinate cases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without a case of failure. Illustrated Book of Life sent free. Lectures to gentlemen only, $1.00. Pamphlet free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. All papers containing this or any other advertisement of mine are forbidden to copy it. Any one copying this will be prosecuted. Address as above.

feb28 d&eodw1y

Horsford's

SELF RAISING

Bread Preparation.



The BEST and CHEAPEST

BAKING POWDER made.

Colored Classes

for wool dyeing at prices at

ADOLF PFAFF'S,

3 Smith Block, - - Bangor, Me.

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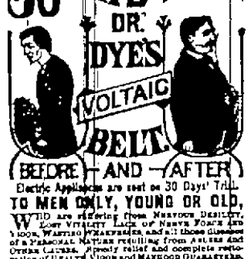
30 DAYS' TRIAL



Electric Appliances are sent on 30 Days' Trial,

TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD,

Who are suffering from Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Manhood, Wasting Weaknesses, and all those diseases of a Personal Nature resulting from Abuse and Other Causes. Speedy relief and complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood Guaranteed. An honorable discharge for the Nineteenth Century. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

my10 eod1y—20

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS

OF THE HUMAN BODY RESTORED, DEVELOPED, STRENGTHENED, Etc. (as illustrated in the wonderful new book now in paper). Sent by return mail in plain wrapper, free. Nothing like it ever published. Invaluable to every man who thinks he has a weak point about him. Tells how to become strong, healthy and happy. Sent free, in plain wrapper, to any address. Send for it at once. Address PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., or No. 41 Park Row, New York. Consultation free, personally or by letter. All letters answered in plain envelopes. Medicines sent everywhere by express. Beware of quacks and pretenders. Don't be deceived by cheap publications. Don't fail to send for this book. Don't delay a moment. Don't neglect yourself. Don't suffer. Don't die. Don't be ruined. Don't be humbugged. Don't be swindled. Don't be deceived. Don't be cheated. Don't be robbed. Don't be plundered. Don't be fooled. Don't be duped. Don't be victimized. Don't be taken in. Don't be imposed upon. Don't be misled. Don't be led astray. Don't be misguided. Don't be misinformed. Don't be misrepresented. Don't be misunderstood. Don't be misjudged. Don't be misconstrued. Don't be misinterpreted. Don't be misapplied. Don't be misused. Don't be misemployed. Don't be misdirected. Don't be misplaced. Don't be misfitted. Don't be misshapen. Don't be misformed. Don't be misbegotten. Don't be misborn. Don't be misnamed. Don't be misspelled. Don't be misread. Don't be misheard. Don't be misunderstood. Don't be misjudged. Don't be misconstrued. Don't be misinterpreted. Don't be misapplied. Don't be misused. Don't be misemployed. Don't be misdirected. Don't be misplaced. Don't be misfitted. Don't be misshapen. Don't be misformed. Don't be misbegotten. Don't be misborn. Don't be misnamed. Don't be misspelled. Don't be misread. Don't be misheard.

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New Porto Rico

MOLASSES

—AT—

FRED T. HALL & CO'S.

1928

THE

HOLYOKE MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.

OF SALEM, MASS.

Statement Jan. 1, 1884.

Amount at Risk, - - - $20,077,525 12

CASH ASSETS:
Reserve for all Insurance $137,630 73
All other Liabilities 5,600 00 $143,230 73

Surplus as regards policy holders, - $442,124 33
Guarantee Cap tal (Cash) - - 100,000 00
Surplus over Guarantee Capital, - $342,124 33

SUMMARY OF ASSETS

Real Estate, - - - $40,000 00
Bank Stock [illegible] 38,500 00
Mortgages and Deeds of Trust, 30,000 00
United States Bonds 49,950 00
State, County, City and other Bonds, 170,250 00
Railroad Bonds and Stock 170,500 00
Quarterly Premiums, Agents' Balances, 5,549 79
Cash on hand 7,980 24
Balance in Agents' hands, net 700 07

$563,155 08

Dividends Paid to all Persons Insuring Property in this Company.

SAML. P. JOHNSON, Agent

BANGOR, ME.

my9 eodw

ANOTHER LOT

—OF—

COOKING RAISINS,

JUST IN, 5 lbs. for 25 Cents.

—AT—

TEA WHITE'S.

my19

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Circulars free. J. B. JOHNSON & CO. Boston Mass.

DIPHTHERIA

Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (for Internal and External Use) will positively relieve these terrible diseases. And will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT CURES Influenza, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Chronic Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles and Diseases of the Spine. Sold everywhere. Circulars free. J. B. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

MAKE HENS LAY

It is a well known fact that most of the Horse and Cattle Powder sold in this country is worthless. It is a notorious fact that Sheridan's Condition Powder is the best, purest and very valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powder. Ten times its cost in eggs alone is realized in a few months by using Sheridan's Condition Powder. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 25c. in stamps. Sheridan's Book for Poultry sent free. Address, J. A. SHERIDAN & CO., 10 Vesey Street, New York.

CHICKEN CHOLERA, Hog Cholera &c. Sold everywhere or sent by mail for 25c. or stamps. Fortable Ointment cures piles $1.00 by mail, $1.00. Circulars free. J. B. JOHNSON & Co., Boston Mass.

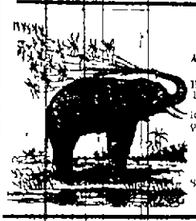
WE RECEIVE

New Lots of Bonnets and Hats,

ABOUT EVERY DAY.

We show the most desirable styles to be found in the market. Our Goods and Prices will meet your approval.

19 Main Street. - - - C. W. COFFIN.



JUMBOLENE.

A LOTION FOR SUBURBANS, EXCURSIONISTS AND OTHERS.

Prevents persons being stung from the bite of MOSQUITOES, BLACK FLIES, &c., and further by its use all annoyance from MOSQUITOES is done away with. A perfect protection against exposure to all weather. Relieves Sea Sickness, Chafing, Sunburn, &c. Unlike other lotions it does not stain the skin, but leaves it soft and pliable. Ladies will find it invaluable for preserving the complexion from the effects of sea air and sun. Gentlemen will find it a delightful article after shaving. Try it. Sold by druggists generally. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sent by mail for 30 cents.

MANUFACTURED BY

THOS. JENNESS & SON, 12 West Market Square Bangor

Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the country.

my19 3

HOME-MADE

Oriental—Smyrna—Rugs and Carpets.

A very large assortment constantly on hand. Every rug can now be had in the celebrated Oriental (Smyrna) Wool. Also a large assortment of the largest red Designs at 1 all accessories given with every Smyrna Rug. Call and get information. Circulars.

DWELLEY & CO., Main St., Bangor.

apr26

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.'S,

Clothing Emporium,

17 and 19 EXCHANGE STREET.

Is now Loaded with

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON

IN

BOYS' CLOTHING!

We have a complete line of

BOYS' SUITS FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

BOYS' FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS.
BOYS' FANCY FLANNEL SHIRT WAISTS.
BOYS' FANCY CAMBRIC SHIRT WAISTS.

Boys' Extra Pants and Children's Kilt Suits.

—IN—

MEN'S CLOTHING,

We have the finest line we have ever shown. Our

FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT,

is full of all the new and NOBBY STYLES for SPRING and SUMMER

Our Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Are all new and the LATEST STYLES. Our

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

Contains the LATEST STYLES in FOREIGN and DOMESTIC WOOLENS, which we are making up to order into SUITS and OVERSACKS.

FRANK D. PULLEN & CO.

17 and 19 EXCHANGE STREET,

Near E. & N. A. R. R. Depot.

may16

MAY 10TH.

NEW ARRIVALS!

New Jersey Waists and Jackets,
New Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
New Dolmans and Wraps,
New Black Silks, Best Grades.
New Black Surahs,
New Dress Goods, Splendid Styles.

Our advantages in buying Goods enable us to sell at Boston prices.

J. T. RINES & CO.

may20

Akron Vitrified Drain Pipe.

—THE—

ONLY INDESTRUCTIBLE DRAIN PIPE,

All others being effected by acids and moisture in the soil. It is the only Drain Pipe used by the Sewer Department of Boston and other large cities. The city of Boston last year refused to consider bids made by other than Akron Drain Pipe Manufacturers.

—SOLD BY—

CITCHELL, LEICHTON & CO.,

29 CENTRAL STREET.

apr23

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SHOW THE

FINEST LINE OF SPRING SUITS.

All the LATEST STYLES, made equal to CUSTOM WORK. The Largest Stock of

Full Indigo Blue Yacht Suits,

In Single and Double Breasted Sacks, ranging from $7.50 to $13.00

AT

J. WATERMAN'S BOSS CLOTHING HOUSE

75 AND 77 EXCHANGE STREET.

Sign of the Dressed Man.

may16

WOODSTOCK

—AND—

KENSINGTON

SQUARES,

Smyrna Rugs and Mats,

A New Line of Rag Mats in all Sizes, Just Received, at

A. H. ROBERTS & SON.

may22

Received this Day!

From Auction Sales of Fruit, &c.

150 Boxes Oranges,
100 Boxes Lemons,
150 Bunches Bananas,
3000 Cocoanuts,
500 Pines,

Layer Figs, Also New Vermont Cheese, Pickles in Jars, Oysters, Clams, &c., to the Trade Only.

AYER & PLUMMER,

21 Broad Street and 15 Fruit Street.

may15

A ROMAN SINGER,

by Author of "My Friend," received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

my21

MARRIAGE, Visiting and Business Cards printed in latest styles of type, at Whig and Courier Job Office.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1845

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square (one inch in space) one time, $1 00
For one square two insertions, 1 25
For one square three times in the Daily, 1 50
For one square one week, 3 00
Each week's continuance, 75
For half square one time, 75
For half square three times, 1 00
For half square one week, 1 25
Each week's continuance, 50
For one square in Weekly three times, 1 50
Each week's continuance, 50

SPECIAL NOTICES,

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

Double column Advertisements inserted at the rate of Special Notices.

Yearly Advertisements changed once a week or quarterly as desired, $10 per square for third space.

Advertisements without the number of insertions marked will be continued until forbid and charged accordingly.

All transient Advertising must be paid in advance.

Advertisements taken for a less time than three months, 10 cents per line, each insertion; for every subsequent week 15 cents; per line for each insertion.

COPIAH COUNTY MURDER.

Report of the Senate Committee.

Continuation of the Senate Committee's report on the Copiah county murder:

WHY MATTHEWS WAS KILLED.

Matthews was slain solely because he was an outspoken and influential Republican, that his death might strike terror into the opponents of the Democratic party, as Republican party, being in conformity of legal votes, to take possession of Copiah county. He was a prominent leader among intemperate and disreputable negroes, and was murdered for any personal quality of character. He was not slain because he was a colored man or a negro. He was not murdered because he advised the negro to vote. If, every fault imputed to him being intensified tenfold, he had advised the negro to vote the Democratic ticket, the minority now calling itself Mississippi would have been ready to clothe him with office and honor. He was murdered that the Democratic party, though a minority, might possess the government of the county of Copiah and the state of Mississippi and might send representatives and Senators to the National Congress without a constituency.

No National election was pending except the election of a Congressman. Authorized to elect a Senator of the United States in case of a vacancy. But the killing, if successful, could not further that election impossible. Party hatred the motive to appoint the officers of Justice who failed to protect the citizen in the free ballot. We believe that the result of the next election in Mississippi will have a relation somewhat lower to the will of the majority of the people.

They say in defense of those practices that they are necessary to preserve their civilization. We do not see the necessity. The sooner a civilization perished which is founded on crime and murder the better. Better that the waters of the great river should again cover the lands which in ages it has formed than that it should be occupied by a state which breeds her youth to fraud and assassination.

The facts as shown since last autumn in Copiah county. We are happy to say that there was no difficulty implied and any of them which tended to indicate the belief that any of the parties were capable of the barbarities which are disclosed.

REMEDY PROPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE.

The committee had not time to go into a full investigation of the condition of the rest of the State. Upon the general question of the security of non-political rights in Mississippi, the committee can only refer the Senate to the evidence of the witness who think Copiah a favorable specimen of the counties of that State, so the documentary matter brought to bear attention by Judge Wirt, to the evidence taken by the Senate committee in 1878 to the testimony in the election cases in the House of Representatives, to the numerous declarations of the Democratic press, and to the crimes well known and unpunished, such as the murder of Oglesbolm of Patterson of Dixon and of the United States collector of internal revenue, and three others in Yazoo, whose blood stained hands Congress is so eager to grasp. No legislation dealing with Mississippi alone should be enacted without an investigation which should cover all parts of the State. Before such investigation a public election will have taken place, at which the temper and respect for law of the people of Mississippi will undoubtedly be made fully manifest.

It is asked, sometimes with a tone of exultation and defiance, what remedy we can propose for those things? Unquestionably, so long as any considerable political party shall deem it for its interest to countenance such crimes the remedy will be attended with difficulty.

But they little understand the spirit of the age, the temper of the American people, or the power of education and freedom, who believe these things can long endure when held up to the day light by communities that perpetrate them cannot long withstand the abhorrence and indignation of the country. The power of the moral sense of mankind the sting which belongs to the conscious-ness of having outraged it, which Mr Webster sixty years ago, deemed strong enough to turn the sceptre which Turkish oppression held over prostrate Greece to ashes in the grasp of the tyrant, is not likely long to fail of full effect upon the people of an American State. It is not clear with what circumstances the events of the election of 1883 in Mississippi have been kept from the columns of the newspapers. The scrutiny of most of the Democratic witnesses, who were above the level of mere ruffianism, to their conduct, showed that if through their tone of bravado and defiance

If the Constitution has not powers enough in its arsenal for the protection of all the rights it confers or recognizes, the people on being satisfied of the fact will confer others.

The great prizes for which these crimes are committed can be kept from the grasp of those who commit them by the exertion of an unquestioned constitutional authority. Each House of Congress is imperatively required, by its duty, to refuse seats to persons whose election is directed or indirectly due to crime, either of violence or fraud. The house of the contestant, the contestee held on the day after election to ratify the murder of Matthews and the proceedings of what Mr. Barksdale calls "the procession" in Beat 4 must not be realized.

The committee recommend the publication, for the information of the American people, of the testimony they have taken.

They further recommend the passage of Senate bill No 15, which, is designed to afford a remedy for some of the evils which are disclosed.

They further recommend that after the next election in Mississippi, unless the same shall be unquestionably fair and free, there shall be a full investigation of the condition of things in that State, with a view to determining the question whether Republican government exists there, and whether it is entitled to its existing representation or has forfeited it in whole or in part by reason of the denial or infringement of the right to vote of any portion of its people.

The questions of submitting to the Senate further legislation and of the necessity of conferring new powers on Congress by an amendment to the Constitution to afford further protection to the rights of citizens, we reserve for further consideration.

GEO. F. HOAR,
JOHN A. LOGAN,
JOHN SHERMAN,
WM. P. FRYE,
E. G. LAPHAM.

APPENDIX.

BOUND TO CARRY A WHITE MAN'S TICKET.

We shall hail the triumph of the white man's ticket; we would be more than pleased to see the colored men join our ranks, and should they do so, we agree to give them all the rights guaranteed them by the Constitution. We do not, however, promise them anything impossible. We do not propose for them to dictate to us, but if they are willing to aid us in securing a good government, we shall be glad to receive them. In Copiah County, however, we, the whites are in the majority, and we must carry our points. You do not desire to be called a white man unless you vote a white man's ticket.—Copiah Signal (Democrat), July 6, 1883.

ON THE ALERT IN COPIAH.

In the last issue of the Brandon Republican appears quite a sensation article under the caption "Hell to be Let Loose in Copiah." That article overdraws the picture very much, and we wish to make the proper correction. Our people have been in a state of unbroken excitement owing to the fact that the air has been full of rumors of all sorts whether founded in fact or not we could not tell, but they thought it well to be on the alert and so they have been.—Copiah Signal (Democrat), September 14, 1881.

LEAD ADVISES.

Remember, remember the 2nd of November, and vote as one man. Come to the rescue of Copiah. Go to the polls and win a glorious victory. Let the lethargy from your limbs. * * * Incendiary speeches have but one counter irritant.—Leake County Spring Mirror (Democrat).

THE WAY TO WIN.

Give it to the boys, like they got it in 1875. If it's the way to win.—Copiah Signal (Democrat), October 17, 1881.

PREPARING THE WAY.

If there is one name more detestable and abhorrent than another to a Copiah Democrat it is that name is Matthews.—J. L. Meade's address to Copiah Democrats.

HOW NOT TO SECURE ANTI-NEGRONISM.

Of course our people do not want and will not submit to a rule of ignorance and corruption, but this can be averted without committing such a terrible murder as was that of Matthews, and without passing such foolish and intolerant resolutions as those of the Parchman grass meeting.—Vicksburg Post (Independent Democratic).

AN ALTERNATIVE.

The testimony of both Republicans and Democrats is that there were great, frightful dangers, because the blacks were solidly combined under the leadership of Matthews against the whites. This led to Matthews' destruction which was probably the most merciful and effectual solution of the situation. It was certainly more merciful and just than to kill a number of Matthews' ignorant followers.—Vicksburg Herald (Democrat).

THE SOUTHERN SENTIMENT.

Instead of being tortured by his inquisitors Mr. Barksdale should have prized the opportunity to hurl in their faces the truth about the sentiments of the white citizens of Copiah, of the State and of all the Southern States. The truth is, that they will not submit to negro leaders. *Matter and as they will Matthews.* This is the simple valuable truth, and the sooner the whole country is prepared to accept it, that the two races may adjust their own relations the better for all.—Vicksburg Herald (Democrat).

AN EXPLANATION THAT MR. BARKSDALE OMITTED.

Why did not Mr. Barksdale tell the committee the plain truth, that the words "Copiah strikes hands with Yazoo," meant that could only mean, "Copiah congratulates Yazoo upon her recent triumph" that would have been manly and straightforward, because it would have been the naked unadulterated truth, but then there would have been nothing orthodox about that, and Mr. Barksdale would have lost the opportunity of posing like a fretful, Jewish boy.—Vicksburg Herald (Democrat).

FAITHFUL BULLETS AND FAITHFUL BUCKSHOT.

Pinchback presiding over a convention to nominate a governor of Louisiana, reminds one of reconstruction times. If such a character could preside over a Republican convention in John Sherman's State, or Hoar's State, it would help them very much to understand and appreciate what the white people of the South had to contend with. We have faith that it would satiate their appetite to investigate every case where a negro leader stops a faithful bullet or a few earnest buckshot.—Vicksburg Herald (Democrat).

AN INDEPENDENT VIEW.

We have repeatedly defied those who are disposed to condemn the Post for its utterances in regard to the Matthews killing to name a single word or sentence of ours that would or could be used by the Republicans of the North. We renew the defiance. * * * The killing of Matthews has been blown beyond the possibility of doubt by the most skeptical to be a cold-blooded, premeditated, infamous assassination, instigated by the Democrats of Copiah County, and, since the perpetration of the cowardly, inhuman act, condoned and defended by them, to an extent next in shame and disgrace to the shocking deed itself. Matthews, unwarned of his fate, was shot down like a dog because he had exercised the fundamental right of free government—of casting a free ballot; shot by the calmly-appointed tool of an intolerant and blood-thirsty mob. * * * Then, such things being true, who, knowing any distinction whatever between honor and dishonor, and cowardice and courage, bravery and humanity, will refuse to condemn and condemn them? We are not of those who muzzle their conscience that the iniquities and villainy of any man or party may be unbranded and unpunished. * * * The killing of Matthews was a bloody, brutal murder, and the arrogant defense of the ugly crime by pretended Democrats cannot free it from the fatal stain. By what code of moral or political ethics are men who defend such crime governed?—Vicksburg Post (Independent Democrat).

THE QUESTION OF REMEDY.

The Sherman committee bodes no good to us. It is a cold blooded statement and does nothing except in pursuance of a very definite idea. The injection of 7,000,000 freedmen into the social economy of the South has given our section almost the power of choosing a Government for the great North and a million of 60,000,000 people. If it can be shown that we, who were so lately warring on the Government, are about to assume power through selling by violence on the electoral votes of this extraneous population, the question of arms will be presented to the so-called loyal States.—Greenville (Miss.) Review (Democratic).

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

Suppose it should turn out that the Danville and Copiah affairs—that all the fancies of the organs have painted them—what do the organs propose to do about it?—Atlanta (Ga.) Constitutional (Democratic).

STATE NEWS

Cumberland.

It is reported that Mr Watson Blanchard of the Portland Public Library, will locate and edit a magazine to be called the Maine Genealogical and Historical Register, shortly.

A carpenter who had been laid up all winter went to work Tuesday, on the new rest urant near Deake Landing Peaks Island, but fell from a staging shortly after noon and striking on his back was seriously injured.

Kennebec.

Saturday afternoon a flock of seventeen sheep belonging to Mr Greenleaf Haskell of Augusta, was attacked by dogs, and all but four killed.

Dr Timothy F Hanscom, the oldest physician in China, died in that town last week. He was born in Pittston 1795. He was in successful practice in China, for about forty years but for the last twenty five years has been comparatively nothing. But the feeling to severe rheumatic trials.

A dog belonging to Mr. John Farris of Albion, ran mad on Sunday. He made an attack upon a young man standing in the yard who kicked him off. After this the dog ran down the road until he reached the yard of Mr Albert Burrill where he attacked some hens. He tore one hen to pieces and by that time Mr Burrill procured his gun and ended the dog's career.

The contractors in charge of the telephone line between Augusta and Lewiston, recently planted Winthrop street, Augusta with poles. Although their charter allowed the company to erect their poles on any of the public highways, yet there is a city ordinance which prohibited the planting, permanently in the streets any objects which obstructed travel or marred the good looks of any portion of the city. This gave the city government the right to order the poles removed, which they did. The contractors have decided to remove the poles.

Oxford.

The mice killed 200 trees for C. H. Bull of East Hebron last winter out of his young orchard of 2,000 trees. He replaced them all with new trees this spring.

Last Saturday afternoon while Mr Herbert Ford of West Paris, was engaged in cutting poplar bits he struck a limb and glanced striking his right foot with full force making a wound five inches long cutting completely through the foot. Ford came very near bleeding to death and if it had not been for Mr Henry Whitman, who with his usual presence of mind corded his leg so as to stop the blood, he would not have lived until the surgeon arrived.

Dr Yates of West Paris has to have the old horse Baker Boy on account of famous upon the track, killed. It is estimated that the horse has hauled the doctor in the last fourteen years making a low estimate some 100 000 miles and in all that time he never damaged the doctor a cent's worth in way of accident or being sick. The horse is now 222 years old, apparently all right with the exception of age.

Waldo.

George Howe at the Chops, aught last shad this side hedge. He has the best privilege on the river.

The biggest shipment of shad this year left the Kennebec waters on Monday night, the Boston steamer carried 190 barrels strong over half of which she took on at Bath.

Washington.

There were thirty seven entries at the Machias Baby show May 15th. The receipts were about $130 says the *Union*.

May 14th fire started in the cellar under F. M. Buckman & Co.'s furniture store in Machias, but was put out without much damage. A roll of carpeting thrown from a second story window, hit an old gentleman, named Otis Johnson and broke his arm.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

[Corrected semi weekly by the Grocers Association.]

Produce Market.

WEDNESDAY, May 21.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of Timothy seed shall weigh 45 pounds; a bushel of Clover seed shall weigh 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans shall be 60 pounds, of potatoes 60 pounds, of onions 57 pounds, of turnips 55 pounds, of carrots turnips rye and Indian meal, 56 pounds, of barley or buckwheat 48 pounds, of oats 30 pounds or such measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

APPLES—
Baldwins per barrel $4 00 to $4 50
Greenings, do 4 00 to 4 50
BEANS—
Imperial Yellow Eye, per bush $2 90 to 3 00
Pea, hand picked, per bush 3 00 to 3 05
BUTTER—
Choice new roll per lb 20 to 22 cents
Good do 18 to 19 do
Fair to good do 16 to 17 to
CHEESE—
Real Factory per lb 13½ to 14 cents
Best Dairy do 13½ to 13 do
DRIED APPLES—
Choice string per lb 9 to 10 cents
Sliced sliced, do 10 to 12 do
EGGS—
Fresh laid per dozen, 15 cents
HAY—
Best loose, per ton $ 9 00 to $10 00
Best bales, do 10 00 to 11 00
OATS—
Prime country new, per bush 45 cents
Prime Western, do do 48 to 50 do
PEAS—
Imperial per bush $2 50
Best Canada, whole per bush $1 25 to $1 35
POTATOES—
Rose per bushel 25 to 30
Burbank per bushel 25 to 30
PORK—
Round Hog per lb, 8 to 9 cents
POULTRY—
Chicken, per lb, 15 to 20 cents
Turkeys per lb 18 to 22 do
ONIONS—
Bermuda, per crate 1.35

Retail Prices Current.

HAY—[illegible] ton, per lock, 90 cents
[illegible] 14 lb bags, per bag 35 cts.
[illegible] 56 lb bags, per bag, 70 cts.
[illegible] 33 cents.
[illegible] 35 cents.
MEAL—[illegible] ton per lock, 35 cents
[illegible] 90 to 95 cts.
[illegible] 85 to 90 do.
[illegible] 19 to 20 do.
CHEESE—[illegible] per lb, 10 to 13 cents
CRANBERRIES—[illegible] quart, 90 to 95 cents.
[illegible] 10 cents.
[illegible] per qt, 15 cents.
MEAL & FEED—[illegible] per gallon, 15 cents
[illegible] 30 do.
[illegible] per qt. 30 to 35 cents
[illegible] 30 to 35 cents.
[illegible] $6 00 to $6 50.
[illegible] $ 75 to $ 80.
[illegible] $ 75 to $ 80.
CORN MEAL—[illegible] 90 cents
[illegible] 1 35 to 1 50 per hundred.
[illegible] 1 35 to 1 50 per hundred.
[illegible] $1 60 to $1 65 per hundred.
[illegible] $1 60 to $1 65 per hundred.
CRACKED CORN—[illegible] 1 35 per hundred.
CORN MEAL—[illegible] 1 35

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

All business letters should be addressed to BOUTELLE & BURR, and communications intended for publication should be addressed Editor of Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1884.

FOR GOVERNOR

HON. FREDERICK ROBIE,

OF GORHAM.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

For Electors at Large,

NATHAN CASE, of Rockland.
SIMON MILLIKEN, of Bethel.

1st District—
2d District—
3d District—
4th District—
5th District—
6th District—
7th District—
8th District—

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

1st District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
2d District—SEWALL MILLIKEN.
3d District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

Republican National Convention.

AT CHICAGO JUNE 3d, 1884.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1, 1883.

Said notice [illegible] will meet at [illegible] Tuesday, June 3, 1884, at [illegible] for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the Republican National Convention to be held at Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, June 4, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Convention.

The basis of representation in said Convention will be as follows: Each State will be entitled to two delegates at large, and one additional delegate for each Representative in Congress. Each Territory and the District of Columbia will be entitled to two delegates.

In the absence of any State Committee, the Republican electors of any State, Territory or District may call a Convention for the purpose of choosing delegates to the National Convention, and may fill any vacancy occurring in the delegation from their State, Territory or District.

To the masses of the people, secure and free suffrage and honest counting of ballots, effective prosecuting [illegible] right in every section of our common country, and while determined to resist by lawful and peaceful means every attempt to [illegible] Republican institutions, [illegible] to the support of the [illegible] National Republican platform, and [illegible] Republican Congress, [illegible] Republican Administration, [illegible] Republican State Committee, [illegible] Republican Congressional Committee, [illegible] Republican Editors, [illegible] Republican National

Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1884.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

K. OF P.

Annual Meeting of Grand Lodge.

AUGUSTA, May 22 The Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias elected the following officers:

Chancellor Lewis A Barker, of Augusta
Vice Chancellor Henry P Cox, of Portland
Prelate Charles M Waterhouse, of Lewiston
Keeper of Records and Seal, Joseph F Chase, Portland
Master of Exchequer Chas B Nash, Portland
Master of Arms Ingalls H Berry, Portland
Inner Guard, A J Rowe, Norway
Outer Guard, Nathan A Pickard, Rockland

Relief Association

The annual meeting of the Maine State Relief Association was held this afternoon. The secretary reported an increase in membership the past year of 237, and a decrease in the death list. The Treasurer reported a balance on hand $3,103. Officers were elected as follows:

President, Josiah H Drummond, of Portland
Vice Presidents, Edwin A Leighton of Lewiston, Joseph F Chute of Augusta, Frank H Rackliff of Bangor
Executive Committee, Henry C Peabody, Will Dowsland and Wyer Greene

THE PORTLAND FIRE

Additional Particulars of Thursday Morning's Fire—Loss Covered by Insurance.

PORTLAND, May 22 The fire that visited the burning district of the horse railroad on the Grand Trunk wharf was a severe one. Eight buildings were burned. The rest of the property was saved. The loss is estimated at $8,000, fully insured, the total amount being $10,700. Several firemen were injured by the fall of coping. Assistant Engineer Charles Skillings was severely injured Thursday morning.

THE SHAW FAILURE.

Attachment Granted

PORTLAND, May 22 Judge Fields of the Supreme Court, has granted an order for the attachment of the Globe National Bank case against Mr Wyman, of Shaw Bros that all creditors have no objection to make to the claims as allowed by Henry G Nichols, a master, to all appearance make such application for before June 30 next Wyman, who just returned from Chicago, assures the creditors of having the estate wound up. Letters of having the estate wound up. Letters of administration have been issued to the assignee and the assets distributed. Legal proceedings have existed in Maine that hitherto have existed in Maine by suits and attachments against the assignee of insolvent estates, speedily being amicably settled

MAINE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

The Spring Meeting

PORTLAND, May 22 The spring meeting of the Maine Historical Society opened this afternoon. President J W Bradbury presided. The librarian reported many additions to the library, including autograph letters from Samuel Longfellow and Hannah F Gould. Mrs Fessenden Ames and Joel Barlow Sumner, with a petition of Dayton, Ohio, to the Governor of Connecticut, with the signature of John Hancock. Hon Joseph Williams, of Belfast, read a paper on a review of the literature of which he gave very able and exhaustive [illegible]

The Scotch-Irish Attempt to Settle in North Bath, giving a sketch of the Indian Chief and orator, Wawenock Jos, and the encampment of Georgetown Heights A. [illegible] was received from John [illegible] adding pages of his copy of the Wawenock county record, adding the [illegible] further subscriptions to make [illegible] publication. A. [illegible] Portland in 1830 from Edinburgh of Saco Portland, was [illegible]

Hon Jos W Porter of Portland read a paper on Col Jonathan Eddy and other heroes of the revolution. [illegible] letters in Eastern Maine [illegible] good attendance

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

The State Tax

AUGUSTA, May 22 This evening the Governor and Council assessed the following tax on the Express Companies of the State:

Name of Company	Amount of Business	Tax
American Express Co.	$130 000	$975
Maine and [illegible]	23,083	173
Hunt & Co	1,000	7
Hunt & Co	2,000	15
Pettes & Co	9,210	69
Parker & Millikin,	4,000	30
Pettes & [illegible]	7,614	57
Sandy River	1,000	7
Saco, Biddeford & Boston,	4,000	30
Traders,	1,000	7
U S Mail and District,	3,414	26
Wells, [illegible]	1,000	7
Bangor & Boston,	4,000	30

ODDS AND ENDS

Special from Tylers, Marlin, Maysdotts, Rockett, Waverly and other points in Northern Texas report another very heavy rainfall during the past 24 hours, doing great damage to the crops. In some sections crops that had been planted twice have now been planted again. Throughout the eastern part of Texas rain fell a foot to eighteen inches.

A tornado 200 yards wide passed between Fairfield and Stewartville yesterday. Trees in Forests were uprooted and general havoc made in its pathway. Farmers are busy estimating the extent of the damage by following its track. A special from Timpanteau to report that a tornado passed through the country yesterday morning at Howell's Station, sweeping everything before it.

BASE BALL.

Thursday's Record.

At New York New York, 7; Bostons, 1

At New York Metropolitans, 3; Washingtons 3

At Cleveland Clevelands, 8; Chicagos, 6—10 innings

At Baltimore Baltimores, 6; Brooklyns, 3

At Philadelphia Athletics, 8; Allegheneys, 7

At Indianapolis Louisvills, 13; Indianapolis, 2

At Columbus Columbus, 6; St. Louis, 4

At Philadelphia Providence, 11; Philadelphias, 4

At Buffalo Buffalos, 8; Detroits, 7.

TRAIN WRECKERS

Captured and Shot While Trying to Escape.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 22. It is officially reported that Chief Sotelo and two other train wreckers captured by the government forces attempted to escape and all were killed. The number of the wreckers also. Four of them [illegible] whom proved to be colonels, [illegible] to Yucatan to join in the revolt. [illegible] troops on the whole [illegible] satisfactorily [illegible]

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS, First Session.

WASHINGTON, May 22. Among the memorials presented were a number by Mr Blair embodying the resolutions of the Knights of Labor organizations representing several thousand members conveying thanks of those organizations to all members of Congress who have supported the bill in the interest of labor, and urging Congress to pass those now pending.

Mr. Morgan from the Committee on Foreign Relations submitted a proposed amendment to the consular and diplomatic bill Appropriating $50,000 to enable the President to open commercial or diplomatic intercourse with the Congo country.

The following bills were introduced

By Mr. Hawley, to provide for the payment of female nurses during the war.

By Mr Hoar, to provide for the purchase of additional land for the purposes of public buildings in New Bedford, Mass.

Proceeding to the calendar, the Senate took up the bill to prohibit the mailing of newspapers and other publications containing lottery advertisements.

Mr Vest objected to the further consideration, and the Senate, by a vote of 22 to 20, decided not to proceed with the bill at present, therefore it goes to the foot of the calendar.

A bill was passed appropriating $25,000 to compensate the officers and men of the government steamer J. Don Cameron, for losses incurred by the sinking of that steamer in 1877.

The Senate then resumed consideration of the bill providing for the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics. After some debate adjourned.

House.

On motion of Mr. Reed, of Maine, the bill to increase to $1400 the salary of the clerk of the Court of Alabama Claims was considered by unanimous consent, and passed.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Navy recommending the construction of a vessel, gun and torpedo, according to the plan of Capt. John Ericksson; referred.

The House then resumed consideration of the English-Peele election case. The pending question was on the motion to table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House yesterday agreed to the minority resolution, substituting Peele's right to his seat as a substitute for the majority resolution. The motion to table was lost: by the vote—yeas 132, nays 132.

Mr. Converse, of Ohio, suggested that the Speaker should vote but the chair replied that the was unnecessary. The question then recurred on the motion to reconsider and it was agreed, yeas, 133, nays 130.

William F. English was sworn in as a member from the seventh Indiana district, by a vote, yeas 130, nays 127.

The House Committee on Civil Service Reform to-day unanimously directed a favorable report on the bill to repeal the tenure of office act. This is attached as an amendment to the Willis bill repealing the statutes which fix the term of office of certain officers at 4 years. This is identical with the Willis bill which failed of passage some time ago under suspension of the rules, except that the section which provided that the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of each Territory shall be appointed to hold office during good behavior is omitted.

The House was treated to a little sensation this afternoon by the action of Mr Hoar, of Michigan in rising to a question of privilege and charging Hon Wm H English with violating the privileges of an ex-member by lobbying in the interests of his son as contestant in the English Peele election case.

Mr English was vigorously defended by Mr Randall of Pennsylvania and Mr Cox of New York.

The House adopted a resolution directing a special committee of seven members to inquire into the question whether or not Wm. H English has violated the privileges of the floor and whether any ex-member employed as attorney in any contested election case or for any railroad or other corporation has abused its privileges.

FROM VIRGINIA

Alleged Failure

RICHMOND, VA., May 22 Fidel Drewery & Co., in the wholesale dry goods trade, filed a deed of assignment to-day. Liabilities $200,000; assets not known.

At Danville,

Governor Cameron went to Danville this morning, accompanied by his private secretary, Col Browning. No outbreak occasioned the visit.

BUSINESS MATTERS

Minor Bank Officials

ERIE, Pa., May 22 It is now discovered to a certainty that the fugitive President of the Erie County Savings Bank, Adam Brahender and Cashier Pett Pettis have used up all the funds of the bank in speculations. There is no trace of Brahender.

They Agreed

NEW YORK, May 22 Jay Gould to-day telegraphed W H Vanderbilt in London giving cheering views of the financial situation and prospects for the future, and Mr Vanderbilt replied that his ideas coincide with those of Mr. Gould.

Fifth Avenue Hotel Mortgaged

NEW YORK, May 22. James R Keene has mortgaged the Fifth Avenue Hotel property to the Mutual Life Insurance Company for $1 250 000.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

New Steamship Line Established.

NEW YORK, May 22. The steamer City of Mexico, the pioneer vessel of the New York, Halifax and St. Johns Steamship Line, sailed from here yesterday with a full cargo and a fair number of passengers. The vessel was recently thoroughly overhauled and the inspectors pronounced her in perfect order. The company was recently formed with the object of establishing and working a regular line of steamers between New York, Halifax and St. Johns, the growing commerce and steadily increasing traffic having demanded an efficient line. The new line is under the American flag, and it is intended to add other vessels and establish regular sailings of about twice a month.

Schooner Abandoned

HALIFAX, N. S., May 22 The schooner Frank Skillings, of and for Portland, Maine, from the Western Banks, struck on Brazil rock, off Cape Sable, Friday night last, in a thick fog. The vessel commenced leaking badly, but as she floated over the ledge she was headed for shore. Being unable to keep her afloat, however, the captain and crew abandoned her and took to the boats. Some of the crew had been previously landed at Liverpool on Saturday. The schooner sank in a few minutes. Sunday the story reached Cape Sable Island and those on board were forwarded to Barrington.

The Alert.

ST. JOHNS N. F., May 22. The Greeley relief steamer Alert sailed this evening at 7.30. Weather fine.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, May 22 Owing to the failure of Congress to appropriate the money asked for to publish the monthly pilot chart issued from the hydrographic office, and to cover the expenses of the branch offices at various ports of the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts, orders have been issued from the Navy department to-day to close those offices on the first of July next and discontinue the publication of the pilot charts after [illegible]

Four Witnesses in a Murder Case Allowed to Leave the Country.

WHITESTOWN, L. I., May 22 The Inquest and magistrate's examination in the case of the killing of James Williams, a seaman on the bark Myrtle, of Nova Scotia, by the second mate, Michael Walsh, on Friday last, resulted in the committal of Walsh on the charge of murder. Judge McKenna released the four sailors who witnessed the affair, and they immediately went aboard their ship, which sailed shortly afterward. It will be impossible to convict Walsh without the testimony of these men. They are all Norwegians, and it was stated that none of them would return. There is great dissatisfaction manifested throughout Queen's county at the probability that Walsh will escape punishment.

[illegible] BY BANDITS.

[illegible] Mines and Escape Safely.

MAYSVILLE, Miss., May 22. A band of twelve armed men yesterday attacked a party of [illegible] Mexico, [illegible] Leon. [illegible] Tamaulipas and [illegible]

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capital.

Bond Call.

WASHINGTON, May 22. Secretary Folger has issued the 128th call for the redemption of bonds, $10,000,000 of three per cents maturing June 30.

Postal Telegraph.

The report of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, prepared by Senator Hill, on the subject of postal telegraph, was finally adopted to-day. The committee gives a summary of the history of the increase of debts, rentals, capital stock of the Western Union Company, its successive leases and consolidations from 1863, when its stock capital was $3,000,000 to the present time when its capital is $80,000,000. It is evident, the report continues, that the price which the Western Union paid in its stock for competing lines was vastly in excess of either the cost or earning capacity of the property acquired.

It was claimed before the committee by the president of the Western Union that it had from time to time expended out of the current earnings considerable money in the construction account, that is to say in addition to its line and equipment over and above maintenance. This cannot be true to the extent of justifying the enormous stock dividends, which the company has made, nor was the appropriation of the current income to the construction account sufficient to prevent the payment of munificent cash dividends to the shareholders who received in that way from 1867 to 1883, $34,000,000 in addition to stock dividends of $35,807,100.

Washington Notes.

The President has approved the act making a loan to aid in the celebration of the cotton centennial.

FIGHTING FOR A LEGACY FOR YEARS

The Legatee Dies and His Wife and Her Husband Win the Victory.

ATLANTA Ga., May 22 The long pending litigation over the property of the late Miley Harrell, of Gainesville, was concluded by the property being turned over to Mr. Higgins Mr Harrell was an eccentric old bachelor, worth about $50 000. He recognized only one of his kinsmen, the late Dr. William A. Wheelus, of Brooklyn, New York. Garrett died suddenly and even before he was put in his coffin his attendant physician, Dr. Long, applied for administration and secured the appointment. He opened the dead man's trunk and found therein a will wrapped around a photograph of Dr Wheelus, by which the property was bequeathed to the doctor.

When Wheelus applied from New York he was interpleaded and a stranger to possession, who persistently obstructed every effort he made to secure his rights. In the litigation which ensued Dr Wheelus was worried to death and left his widow to continue the fight. Dr Long, on some pretext, succeeded in having her confined in Hall County Jail, from which she was speedily released by friends. Later she married Hamilton Higgins, of Athens, and the fight against the administrator was renewed.

Dr Long removed to Florida and the legal tangle which ensued was inexplicable. Twice the Supreme Court ordered him to settle up, and as often he found means of evasion. Dr. Long was arrested and taken to Atlanta and remained in custody of a marshal several days, narrowly avoiding imprisonment in jail. At length he turned over all the personal property of the estate to the marshal. He then immediately filed a bill against the marshal to enjoin him from turning the property over to Mr Higgins, setting up claims for fees of his counsel for years of litigation. Mr Higgins filed a cross bill and answer which contains a great many scandalous charges against Dr. Long. He prays that the sureties on Long's bond, James E. Randolph and A. M. Parks, of Jackson county, and A. Whitehead, of Hall County, be made parties to the suit, for day's counsel decree was taken and the cattle property was turned over to Mr Higgins. Several damage and libel suits are threatened.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR HORSES

Fatal Sickness in New Hampshire

DOVER, May 22. Horses in two leading livery stables here are sick with spinal meningitis, some have already died and others will die. At first the horses in one stable were supposed to have been poisoned by malicious parties, but the breaking out of the disease in the other exploded the idea.

THE NEW CABLE

The Steamer Faraday with the Mackay-Bennett Cable

GLOUCESTER, Mass., May 22 The steamer Faraday has arrived and is off Thacher's Island. She came to anchor at 5 o'clock this morning. Operations are now in progress for measuring the distance from the shore to the Faraday, and the work of connecting the cables will be prosecuted with all possible despatch.

The cause of the delay in the arrival of the Faraday, which was expected at Rockport Tuesday was that after the steamer had laid about one hundred and thirty miles of the cable out from Nova Scotia the Superintendent, Mr Brittle, decided that a more southerly course would be preferable, so he took up all the cable laid down except about six miles, recoiling his way back to Dover Bay. This done, the steamer soon started on her new course, arriving as stated, to-day.

The Mackay Bennett cable, as this is called, is controlled by what will be properly known as the Commercial Cable Company. The cable was manufactured by the Messrs. Siemens, of London, England, who have made four of the six Atlantic cables last laid down, and is an improvement upon all previous ones.

At Rockport.

ROCKPORT, May 22 This cable, the heaviest ever laid, was stored in the forward tank til the ship's hold. As it was uncoiled it was run over massive pulley-wheels and through immense iron sluices to the stern of the vessel, where it was paid out and coiled upon three large rafts made of inflated rubber bags covered with boards, and in fourth pontoon made of boats lashed together and also covered with boards. Six hundred and ninety-one fathoms were coiled on the rafts.

Three boats crews were sent ashore through a heavy surf, all the men being required to wear life preservers, carrying the heavy rope attached to the foremast end. All the other rafts were lashed together and connected with the first one. The rope was gotten ashore safely on the first attempt, and then a large number of men seized it and commenced hauling in the rafts. As they were slowly pulled toward the shore the cable was slowly uncoiled over the stern of each raft successively. When the end of the cable was successfully landed it was carefully hauled over the rocky beach to the cable house where it was made fast.

RAILROAD NEWS.

A Report Denied.

BOSTON, May 22 The Union Pacific officers of this city deny emphatically the story telegraphed from New York, last night, purporting to give the substance of a private message said to have been received there from Directors Adams and Ames, making derogatory statements as to the condition of the road. No private telegram has been received and there is no truth whatever in the report.

A Verdict for $3,000.

TROY, N. Y., May 22. In the Circuit Court this afternoon the jury in the case of James W. Crystal, against the Troy & Boston Railroad Company, to recover $10,000 damages for the crushing by the cars of his child's leg and arm, rendered a verdict for $3,000 in favor of the plaintiff.

Through a Bridge.

PETROLIA, Pa., May 22. A freight train on the Parker & Karns City road, went through a trestle work, near Karns City this morning and was badly wrecked. Two men were fatally injured.

THE TURF

Manchester Races.

MANCHESTER, N. H. May 22. At the second day's meeting of the Merrimac river trotting circuit to-day the attendance was much larger than yesterday. The 2.20 class, five starters, was won in three straight heats by Blue Bell, owned by Wm. E. Kendall, of Worcester. The 2.27 class, in which there were six starters, was won by Grand Sachem, Boy, owned by W. O. Doty, of Hartford.

SHOT DEAD.

Tragedy in a Saloon.

BOSTON, May 22 A fatal shooting affair occurred to-night in a bar-room. Samuel Allen and Joseph Sullivan were standing at the bar drinking [illegible] and Sullivan went. When Allen had his money on the counter Sullivan drew a revolver from his pocket and at first pointed it at Sullivan saying, "I'm going to shoot you." He pulled the trigger, but it failed to go off and Sullivan made some light remark when Allen suddenly wheeled around and discharged the revolver point blank at Russell. The ball entered Russell's left breast and passed directly through the heart. The murderer immediately after the shooting made his way out of the street. He was followed to Tremont Row and arrested by two citizens and by them turned over to the police and is now locked up in the tombs. The murderer is 38 years old and claims to belong to White River Junction, Vt. From papers found in the pockets of his victim he is supposed to have belonged to Brookton and to have been employed in the shoe factory of I C Ward, of that city. A card found on his person indicated he had been at some time a member of the firm of Briggs & Howell, of Rockland.

The men were evidently strangers to each other and beyond the slight provocation already alluded to there appears to have been no cause for the tragedy.

FIRE RECORD.

Three Lives Lost.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, May 22 The house of John Ochman, near here was burned last night. Ochman, his wife and seventeen-year old daughter perished in the flames.

POLITICAL.

A Statement that Geo. W. Curtis is Working for the Chairmanship of the Chicago Convention.

STAPLETON, L. I., May 22 Geo. Wm Curtis has been hurriedly called to Chicago His friends state that an attempt will be made to elect him chairman of the National Republican Convention by a coalition of the Arthur and Edmunds delegates, and he has been called to Chicago by certain leaders for the purpose of consulting on the proposed combination.

JOINED THE PROFESSION

From the School House to the Newspaper Office.

PROVIDENCE, May 22 Wm A Mowry, of this city, has resigned the principalship of Mowry & Goff's School to become editor of the New England Journal of Education.

GRANT & WARD FAILURE

Ward Under Arrest

NEW YORK May 22. The counsel for Grant and Ward, states that no attempt will be made to secure bail for his client as all successful other arrests would follow and it would be impossible to find bail for all the charges. The officer in charge of Ward states that the latter will not be locked up as long as he pays his way outside. The affidavit of City Chamberlain Tappan, which caused Ward's arrest is substantially as follows In September, 1884, Ward informed him that his firm was largely engaged in the business of buying contracts of the U. S. Government, that in consequence of delay in getting money the contractors sold their contracts at a great sacrifice.

Representation was made that Grant, Ward & Co could through their influence with the Government secure a speedy and prompt payment of such claims and that the profits from these transactions were very large and they had decided to give a few friends an opportunity to share these profits. Relying on these statements Tappan invested altogether about $600,000. Deponent avers that these statements were false and known to be so when made.

In Jail

Ferdinand Ward was to-night committed in cell 81 Hollow street jail. As yet no orders of release have been issued for J. D. Fish, or any of the Grants.

Rumored Denied.

Gen U. S. Grant stated to-night that the rumor that his son U. S. Grant had fled to Canada to escape arrest was without foundation.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Egyptian Affairs

CAIRO, May 22. The Egyptian Horse Artillery, Seventh Battalion Infantry and camel trains left Cairo for Assouan to-day. It is stated here that the Governor of Dongola, whose loyalty has been questioned, has sent a despatch to Gen Gordon in which he says he despairs of relief being sent him and has determined to become an ally of the Mussulman cause. The report is not credited at Cairo.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT. OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
Washington, D. C., May 23—1 A. M.

Indications.

For New England: Partly cloudy weather, and local rains; southerly winds, stationary temperature.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, May 22. Money easy at 2@3 per cent.

Prime Mercantile paper 4@5

Sterling Exchange weak—4 83½@4 83¾ for long, 4 86¾@4 87 for short.

State Bonds quiet.

Railroad bonds weaker

Government bonds active, closed as the following quotations:

United States new 3s	100
United States new 4s	121
United States new 4½s, coupons	112½
United States 4s reg	120
United States 4s coupons	120
Pacific 6s of '95	120

The following are the closing prices of railroad stocks:

Chicago & Alton	139½
do preferred	143
Chicago Bur & Quincy	113¾
Erie	33¾
do preferred	63¾
Illinois Central	139
Lake Shore	84¾
Michigan Central	88
N. J. Central	58
Northwestern	120¾
do preferred	139½
N. Y. Central	110¾
Rock Island	118¾
St. Paul	88
do preferred	112¾
Union Pacific	55¾
Western Union	85¾

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, May 22. FLOUR—Receipts, 16,644 bbls; sales, 7,000 bbls; dull and heavy; superfine, $3.00@3.40; extra No 3 and No 2 $3.50@3.80; good to choice do $3.85@4.20; common to good extra Ohio, $3.60@4.00; common to choice white wheat Western extra, $3.85@4.40; common to choice extra St. Louis, $3.85@4.40; fair to choice do, $4.50@5.00; common to choice extra Minnesota, $3.85@4.40; fair to choice do, $4.50@5.00; choice to double extra, $5.10@6.50.

WHEAT—Receipts, 47,000 bush; sales, 1,000,000 bush; opened ½@¾ lower, closed ½@¾ lower; No 2 Red, 1.06@1.06½ elevator, 1.08@1.09 afloat; No 1 Red State 1.11@1.00; No 1 white State, 1.07; No 2 Red May, 1.06@1.06½; No 2 Red June, 1.06½@1.06¾; No 2 Red July, 1.07@1.07½; No 2 Red August, 1.08@1.08½; No 2 Red September, 1.09@1.09½; No 2 Red October, 1.10@1.10½; No 2 Red December, 1.13@1.13½.

CORN—Receipts, 64,000 bush; sales, 320,000 bush; ½@¾ higher; sales 130,000—No 2, 56 white, 41 to 60; No 2 yellow, 61¾; No 3, 56 white, 41 to 60, No 2 mixed July, 57½@57¾; No 2 mixed August, 57¾@58; No 2 mixed September, 58@58½; No 2 mixed October, 58½@58¾; No 2 mixed December, 59@59½; No 2 mixed January, 59½@59¾; No 2 mixed February, 59¾@60; No 2 mixed March, 60@60½; No 2 mixed April, 60½@60¾; No 2 mixed May, 61@61½; No 2 mixed June, 61½@61¾; No 2 mixed July, 62@62½; No 2 mixed August, 62½@62¾; No 2 mixed September, 63@63½; No 2 mixed October, 63½@63¾; No 2 mixed December, 64@64½; No 2 mixed January, 64½@64¾; No 2 mixed February, 64¾@65; No 2 mixed March, 65@65½; No 2 mixed April, 65½@65¾; No 2 mixed May, 66@66½; No 2 mixed June, 66½@66¾; No 2 mixed July, 67@67½; No 2 mixed August, 67½@67¾; No 2 mixed September, 68@68½; No 2 mixed October, 68½@68¾; No 2 mixed December, 69@69½; No 2 mixed January, 69½@69¾; No 2 mixed February, 69¾@70; No 2 mixed March, 70@70½; No 2 mixed April, 70½@70¾; No 2 mixed May, 71@71½; No 2 mixed June, 71½@71¾; No 2 mixed July, 72@72½; No 2 mixed August, 72½@72¾; No 2 mixed September, 73@73½; No 2 mixed October, 73½@73¾; No 2 mixed December, 74@74½; No 2 mixed January, 74½@74¾; No 2 mixed February, 74¾@75; No 2 mixed March, 75@75½; No 2 mixed April, 75½@75¾; No 2 mixed May, 76@76½; No 2 mixed June, 76½@76¾; No 2 mixed July, 77@77½; No 2 mixed August, 77½@77¾; No 2 mixed September, 78@78½; No 2 mixed October, 78½@78¾; No 2 mixed December, 79@79½; No 2 mixed January, 79½@79¾; No 2 mixed February, 79¾@80; No 2 mixed March, 80@80½; No 2 mixed April, 80½@80¾; No 2 mixed May, 81@81½; No 2 mixed June, 81½@81¾; No 2 mixed July, 82@82½; No 2 mixed August, 82½@82¾; No 2 mixed September, 83@83½; No 2 mixed October, 83½@83¾; No 2 mixed December, 84@84½; No 2 mixed January, 84½@84¾; No 2 mixed February, 84¾@85; No 2 mixed March, 85@85½; No 2 mixed April, 85½@85¾; No 2 mixed May, 86@86½; No 2 mixed June, 86½@86¾; No 2 mixed July, 87@87½; No 2 mixed August, 87½@87¾; No 2 mixed September, 88@88½; No 2 mixed October, 88½@88¾; No 2 mixed December, 89@89½; No 2 mixed January, 89½@89¾; No 2 mixed February, 89¾@90; No 2 mixed March, 90@90½; No 2 mixed April, 90½@90¾; No 2 mixed May, 91@91½; No 2 mixed June, 91½@91¾; No 2 mixed July, 92@92½; No 2 mixed August, 92½@92¾; No 2 mixed September, 93@93½; No 2 mixed October, 93½@93¾; No 2 mixed December, 94@94½; No 2 mixed January, 94½@94¾; No 2 mixed February, 94¾@95; No 2 mixed March, 95@95½; No 2 mixed April, 95½@95¾; No 2 mixed May, 96@96½; No 2 mixed June, 96½@96¾; No 2 mixed July, 97@97½; No 2 mixed August, 97½@97¾; No 2 mixed September, 98@98½; No 2 mixed October, 98½@98¾; No 2 mixed December, 99@99½; No 2 mixed January, 99½@99¾; No 2 mixed February, 99¾@100; No 2 mixed March, 100@100½; No 2 mixed April, 100½@100¾; No 2 mixed May, 101@101½; No 2 mixed June, 101½@101¾; No 2 mixed July, 102@102½; No 2 mixed August, 102½@102¾; No 2 mixed September, 103@103½; No 2 mixed October, 103½@103¾; No 2 mixed December, 104@104½; No 2 mixed January, 104½@104¾; No 2 mixed February, 104¾@105; No 2 mixed March, 105@105½; No 2 mixed April, 105½@105¾; No 2 mixed May, 106@106½; No 2 mixed June, 106½@106¾; No 2 mixed July, 107@107½; No 2 mixed August, 107½@107¾; No 2 mixed September, 108@108½; No 2 mixed October, 108½@108¾; No 2 mixed December, 109@109½; No 2 mixed January, 109½@109¾; No 2 mixed February, 109¾@110; No 2 mixed March, 110@110½; No 2 mixed April, 110½@110¾; No 2 mixed May, 111@111½; No 2 mixed June, 111½@111¾; No 2 mixed July, 112@112½; No 2 mixed August, 112½@112¾; No 2 mixed September, 113@113½; No 2 mixed October, 113½@113¾; No 2 mixed December, 114@114½; No 2 mixed January, 114½@114¾; No 2 mixed February, 114¾@115; No 2 mixed March, 115@115½; No 2 mixed April, 115½@115¾; No 2 mixed May, 116@116½; No 2 mixed June, 116½@116¾; No 2 mixed July, 117@117½; No 2 mixed August, 117½@117¾; No 2 mixed September, 118@118½; No 2 mixed October, 118½@118¾; No 2 mixed December, 119@119½; No 2 mixed January, 119½@119¾; No 2 mixed February, 119¾@120; No 2 mixed March, 120@120½; No 2 mixed April, 120½@120¾; No 2 mixed May, 121@121½; No 2 mixed June, 121½@121¾; No 2 mixed July, 122@122½; No 2 mixed August, 122½@122¾; No 2 mixed September, 123@123½; No 2 mixed October, 123½@123¾; No 2 mixed December, 124@124½; No 2 mixed January, 124½@124¾; No 2 mixed February, 124¾@125; No 2 mixed March, 125@125½; No 2 mixed April, 125½@125¾; No 2 mixed May, 126@126½; No 2 mixed June, 126½@126¾; No 2 mixed July, 127@127½; No 2 mixed August, 127½@127¾; No 2 mixed September, 128@128½; No 2 mixed October, 128½@128¾; No 2 mixed December, 129@129½; No 2 mixed January, 129½@129¾; No 2 mixed February, 129¾@130; No 2 mixed March, 130@130½; No 2 mixed April, 130½@130¾; No 2 mixed May, 131@131½; No 2 mixed June, 131½@131¾; No 2 mixed July, 132@132½; No 2 mixed August, 132½@132¾; No 2 mixed September, 133@133½; No 2 mixed October, 133½@133¾; No 2 mixed December, 134@134½; No 2 mixed January, 134½@134¾; No 2 mixed February, 134¾@135; No 2 mixed March, 135@135½; No 2 mixed April, 135½@135¾; No 2 mixed May, 136@136½; No 2 mixed June, 136½@136¾; No 2 mixed July, 137@137½; No 2 mixed August, 137½@137¾; No 2 mixed September, 138@138½; No 2 mixed October, 138½@138¾; No 2 mixed December, 139@139½; No 2 mixed January, 139½@139¾; No 2 mixed February, 139¾@140; No 2 mixed March, 140@140½; No 2 mixed April, 140½@140¾; No 2 mixed May, 141@141½; No 2 mixed June, 141½@141¾; No 2 mixed July, 142@142½; No 2 mixed August, 142½@142¾; No 2 mixed September, 143@143½; No 2 mixed October, 143½@143¾; No 2 mixed December, 144@144½; No 2 mixed January, 144½@144¾; No 2 mixed February, 144¾@145; No 2 mixed March, 145@145½; No 2 mixed April, 145½@145¾; No 2 mixed May, 146@146½; No 2 mixed June, 146½@146¾; No 2 mixed July, 147@147½; No 2 mixed August, 147½@147¾; No 2 mixed September, 148@148½; No 2 mixed October, 148½@148¾; No 2 mixed December, 149@149½; No 2 mixed January, 149½@149¾; No 2 mixed February, 149¾@150; No 2 mixed March, 150@150½; No 2 mixed April, 150½@150¾; No 2 mixed May, 151@151½; No 2 mixed June, 151½@151¾; No 2 mixed July, 152@152½; No 2 mixed August, 152½@152¾; No 2 mixed September, 153@153½; No 2 mixed October, 153½@153¾; No 2 mixed December, 154@154½; No 2 mixed January, 154½@154¾; No 2 mixed February, 154¾@155; No 2 mixed March, 155@155½; No 2 mixed April, 155½@155¾; No 2 mixed May, 156@156½; No 2 mixed June, 156½@156¾; No 2 mixed July, 157@157½; No 2 mixed August, 157½@157¾; No 2 mixed September, 158@158½; No 2 mixed October, 158½@158¾; No 2 mixed December, 159@159½; No 2 mixed January, 159½@159¾; No 2 mixed February, 159¾@160; No 2 mixed March, 160@160½; No 2 mixed April, 160½@160¾; No 2 mixed May, 161@161½; No 2 mixed June, 161½@161¾; No 2 mixed July, 162@162½; No 2 mixed August, 162½@162¾; No 2 mixed September, 163@163½; No 2 mixed October, 163½@163¾; No 2 mixed December, 164@164½; No 2 mixed January, 164½@164¾; No 2 mixed February, 164¾@165; No 2 mixed March, 165@165½; No 2 mixed April, 165½@165¾; No 2 mixed May, 166@166½; No 2 mixed June, 166½@166¾; No 2 mixed July, 167@167½; No 2 mixed August, 167½@167¾; No 2 mixed September, 168@168½; No 2 mixed October, 168½@168¾; No 2 mixed December, 169@169½; No 2 mixed January, 169½@169¾; No 2 mixed February, 169¾@170; No 2 mixed March, 170@170½; No 2 mixed April, 170½@170¾; No 2 mixed May, 171@171½; No 2 mixed June, 171½@171¾; No 2 mixed July, 172@172½; No 2 mixed August, 172½@172¾; No 2 mixed September, 173@173½; No 2 mixed October, 173½@173¾; No 2 mixed December, 174@174½; No 2 mixed January, 174½@174¾; No 2 mixed February, 174¾@175; No 2 mixed March, 175@175½; No 2 mixed April, 175½@175¾; No 2 mixed May, 176@176½; No 2 mixed June, 176½@176¾; No 2 mixed July, 177@177½; No 2 mixed August, 177½@177¾; No 2 mixed September, 178@178½; No 2 mixed October, 178½@178¾; No 2 mixed December, 179@179½; No 2 mixed January, 179½@179¾; No 2 mixed February, 179¾@180; No 2 mixed March, 180@180½; No 2 mixed April, 180½@180¾; No 2 mixed May, 181@181½; No 2 mixed June, 181½@181¾; No 2 mixed July, 182@182½; No 2 mixed August, 182½@182¾; No 2 mixed September, 183@183½; No 2 mixed October, 183½@183¾; No 2 mixed December, 184@184½; No 2 mixed January, 184½@184¾; No 2 mixed February, 184¾@185; No 2 mixed March, 185@185½; No 2 mixed April, 185½@185¾; No 2 mixed May, 186@186½; No 2 mixed June, 186½@186¾; No 2 mixed July, 187@187½; No 2 mixed August, 187½@187¾; No 2 mixed September, 188@188½; No 2 mixed October, 188½@188¾; No 2 mixed December, 189@189½; No 2 mixed January, 189½@189¾; No 2 mixed February, 189¾@190; No 2 mixed March, 190@190½; No 2 mixed April, 190½@190¾; No 2 mixed May, 191@191½; No 2 mixed June, 191½@191¾; No 2 mixed July, 192@192½; No 2 mixed August, 192½@192¾; No 2 mixed September, 193@193½; No 2 mixed October, 193½@193¾; No 2 mixed December, 194@194½; No 2 mixed January, 194½@194¾; No 2 mixed February, 194¾@195; No 2 mixed March, 195@195½; No 2 mixed April, 195½@195¾; No 2 mixed May, 196@196½; No 2 mixed June, 196½@196¾; No 2 mixed July, 197@197½; No 2 mixed August, 197½@197¾; No 2 mixed September, 198@198½; No 2 mixed October, 198½@198¾; No 2 mixed December, 199@199½; No 2 mixed January, 199½@199¾; No 2 mixed February, 199¾@200; No 2 mixed March, 200@200½; No 2 mixed April, 200½@200¾; No 2 mixed May, 201@201½; No 2 mixed June, 201½@201¾; No 2 mixed July, 202@202½; No 2 mixed August, 202½@202¾; No 2 mixed September, 203@203½; No 2 mixed October, 203½@203¾; No 2 mixed December, 204@204½; No 2 mixed January, 204½@204¾; No 2 mixed February, 204¾@205; No 2 mixed March, 205@205½; No 2 mixed April, 205½@205¾; No 2 mixed May, 206@206½; No 2 mixed June, 206½@206¾; No 2 mixed July, 207@207½; No 2 mixed August, 207½@207¾; No 2 mixed September, 208@208½; No 2 mixed October, 208½@208¾; No 2 mixed December, 209@209½; No 2 mixed January, 209½@209¾; No 2 mixed February, 209¾@210; No 2 mixed March, 210@210½; No 2 mixed April, 210½@210¾; No 2 mixed May, 211@211½; No 2 mixed June, 211½@211¾; No 2 mixed July, 212@212½; No 2 mixed August, 212½@212¾; No 2 mixed September, 213@213½; No 2 mixed October, 213½@213¾; No 2 mixed December, 214@214½; No 2 mixed January, 214½@214¾; No 2 mixed February, 214¾@215; No 2 mixed March, 215@215½; No 2 mixed April, 215½@215

All for a Trifle

The twilight was settling down in misty folds over the hillside, and trees, the birds had uttered a sleepy good night and retired to rest, and the earth began to rest at once, as Paul Estreman and Miss Brooks walked slowly along the dusty highway together. They had grown up together from very childhood, and it had been a favorite scheme of their elders to unite the two families and property through these young people.

Like most old generals, the ugly subject, but a whisper of this was breathed to the young people, the plotters knowing all well that with their natural depravity of character, they would Pilo soonest run, but was expected of them than they would do all in their power to thwart the arrangement. So they had become initiated in their own way, the result being that a few months before my story opens they had come to the understanding that they were engaged.

Miss Brooks had asked their blessing on the affair, and given with a heartiness that astonished and delighted the young couple, who had supposed their relatives to be old and blind to all that was transpiring on both sides, and had wasted many delightful days and hours in devising all sorts of underhand ways and means to thwart their clear-sighted plans.

Of course they were not, but, like many other mortals, they chose to let the young people think as they pleased, and enjoy the delusion to the full. Walking, boating, and driving were the favorite methods of passing away the time, and Paul Estreman was never happier than when he was with Miss Brooks, and she was equally happy in his society. Of course, there were times when he was not, but these were few and far between, and only brought out the better traits of character in both.

So on this night, especially, everything seemed just as they could wish it to be. The moon was at the full, and Kate Brooks looked more than usually beautiful in the soft, mellow light. And Paul was in a most delightful humor, and very much pleased with himself and all the world.

Everything seemed to be going on just right, and he had not a care in the world, except that he was very much in love with Kate, and very much afraid that she did not care for him as much as he did for her.

Of course, he knew, but that is the way with lovers, and Paul was no exception to the rule. He did like to hear her say so, and only longed for the time when he could call Miss Brooks his own, and have the right to protect her from every ill that might befall her.

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